

DRAFT

62295

Impact melt Breccia

250.8 grams



Figure 1: Photo of 62295. NASA S72-44492 - about 8 cm across. Micrometeorite bombardment smoothed the surface and nearly broke the rock.

## Introduction

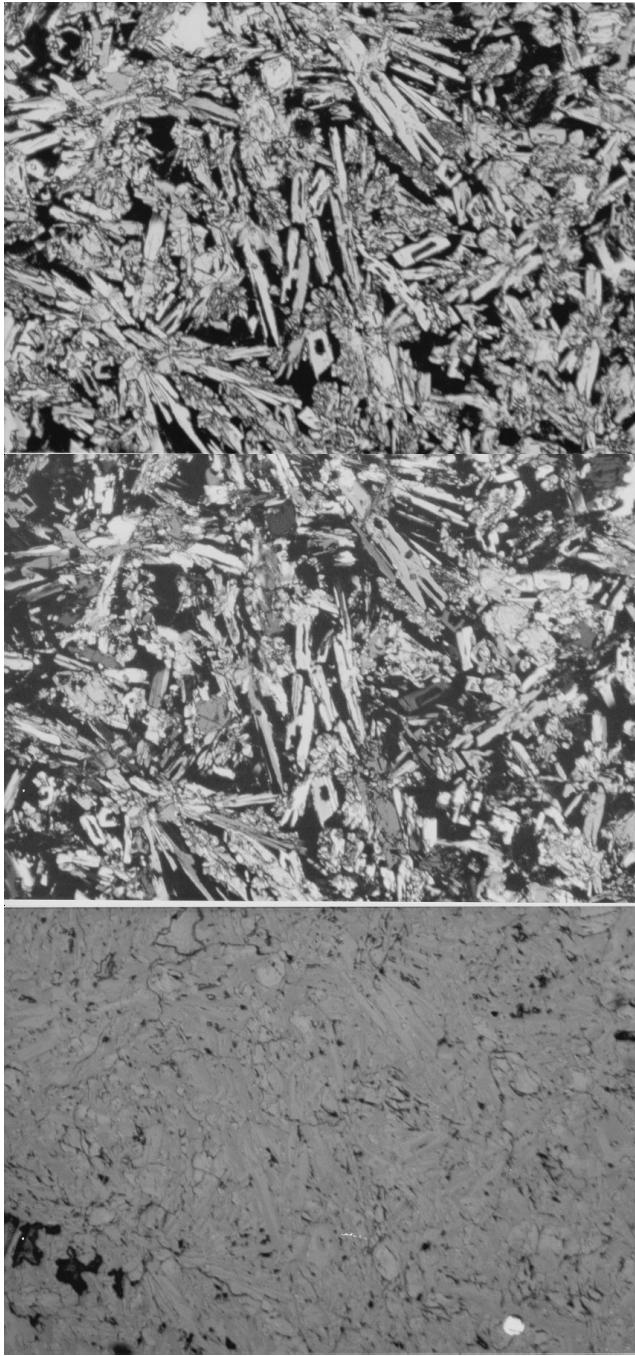
Lunar sample 62295 is a blocky coherent impact met rock with numerous micrometeorite pits on one side and none on the other (figure 1). It contains abundant Mg-rich olivine and minor Mg-Al spinel and has a high Ni and Ir content. It was collected near Buster Crater and is 4 b.y. old, with cosmic ray exposure 300 m.y.

## Petrography

McGee et al. (1977) describe 62295 as a clast-bearing impact-melt breccia characterized by randomly oriented plagioclase laths (up to 0.8 mm) intergrown with skeletal olivine crystals resulting in a variolitic texture (figure 2). The interstices are filled with a complex mesostasis and relict clasts of plagioclase, rare lithic clasts and conspicuous barred olivine-like bodies

## Mineralogical Mode for 62295

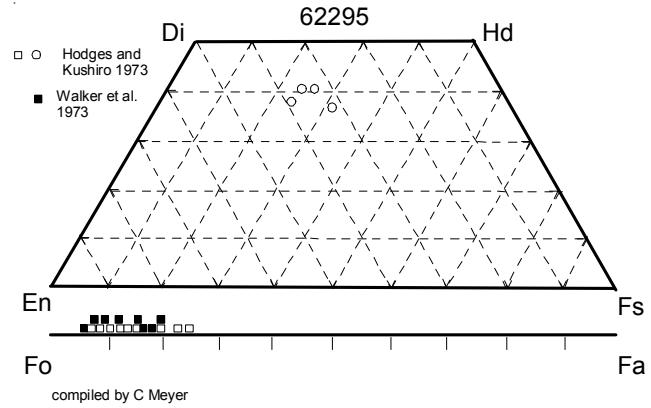
	McGee et al. 1977	Ryder and Norman 1980	Walker et al. 1973
Olivine	25	25	28.3
Pyroxene	1		
Plagioclase	55	55	33.5
Mesostasis	15	15	31.6
Spinel		5	6.5
Opaque	4		



*Figure 2: Photomicrographs of thin section 62295, 69. Top is S79-27425(plane polarized light), middle is S79-27426 (crossed polarized light), bottom is S79-27424 (reflected light). All are 2.5 mm across.*

scattered randomly throughout the rock. Octahedra of tiny pink Mg-rich spinel commonly occur in plagioclase. Both irregular vugs (up to 1 mm) and spherical vesicles (up to 0.4 mm) are relatively common.

Brown et al. (1973) and Norman and Ryder (1980) describe 62295 as a fine-grained, mesostasis-rich



*Figure 3: Pyroxene and olivine composition of 62295 impact melt with xenocrysts.*

basaltic impact melt with the mineralogy of a “spinel troctolite”. Xenocrysts of Mg-rich olivine, Ca-rich plagioclase, pink spinel and metal grains (with attached schreibersite) are found throughout (figure 4).

Walker et al. (1973) found reaction rims on some inclusions along with evidence of extremely rapid crystallization.

### **Mineralogy**

**Olivine:** Olivine is present as xenocrysts ( $\text{Fo}_{90-95}$ ) and as fine skeletal grains ( $\text{Fo}_{75-92}$ ) in the matrix (spiniflex texture). Steele and Smith (1975) reported on the minor elements in olivine.

**Pyroxene:** Clinopyroxene with ferroaugite composition are a minor phase found only in the mesostasis (figure 3).

**Plagioclase:** McGee et al. (1979), Hodges and Kushiro (1973), Walker et al. (1973) and Vaniman and Papike (1981) determined plagioclase was  $\text{An}_{95-91}$ .

**Spinel:** Pink Mg, Al- spinel is 9-16% chromite.

**Metal:** Misra and Taylor (1975) and Taylor et al. (1976) studied metal particles in 62295.

**Schreibersite:** Schreibersite is Ni rich (Brown et al. 1973).

### **Chemistry**

The bulk analysis of 62295 by Eldridge et al. (1973) is consistent with the small samples analyzed by Rose et al. (1973), Wanke et al. (1976) and Hubbard et al. (1973). The sample is very Mg rich (table 1) and plots

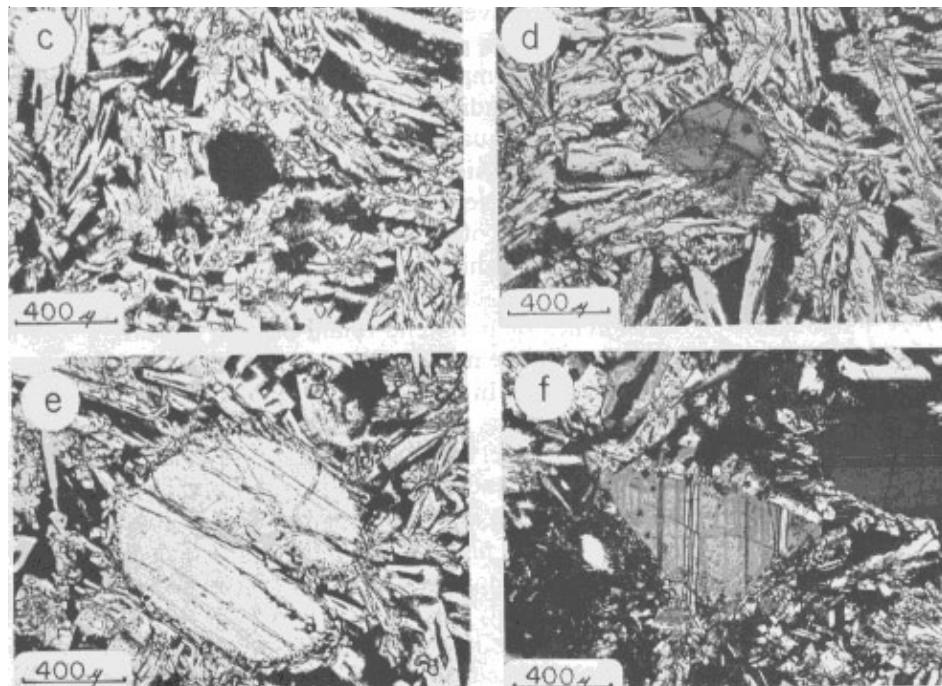


Figure 4: Thin section pictures of small xenocrysts in 62295: c) iron grain, d) pink spinel, e) olivine with reaction rim, f) plagioclase with spinel rim (this is part of figure 3 in Walker et al. 1973).

on the multisaturated equilibrium phase diagram (figure 6). It contains substantial Ni and Ir, indicating meteoritical contamination of the melt. The rare earth element content is high (figure 5).

Walker et al. (1973)

Hodges and Kushiro (1973)

Ford et al. (1974)

Nord et al. (1973)

phase equilibria

phase equilibria

phase equilibria

microstructures

### Radiogenic age dating

Nyquist et al. (1973) determined the Sr isotopic composition. Turner et al. (1973) determined the age (3.89 b.y.) of 62295 by the Ar/Ar plateau technique (figure 7). Mark et al. (1974) determined a Rb/Sr isochron of 4.0 b.y. (figure 8).

### Processing

The rock broke in three pieces along existing cracks (figure 9). One piece (,5) was sawn apart (figures 10 and 11). This is an “oriented sample”.

### Cosmogenic isotopes and exposure ages

Eldridge et al. (1973) determined the cosmic-ray-induced activity of  $^{26}\text{Al}$  = 110 dpm/kg and  $^{22}\text{Na}$  = 59 dpm/kg. Turner et al. (1973) determined an exposure age of 310 m.y. by  $^{38}\text{Ar}$ . Marti et al. (1974) determined a Kr exposure age of 235 m.y.

### Other Studies

Taylor and Epstein (1973)	Oxygen isotopes
Brecher et al. (1973)	magnetic properties
Bhandari et al. (1973)	tracks
Morrison et al. (1973)	microcraters
Neukum et al. (1973)	microcraters
Lightner and Marti (1974)	Xe isotopes
Weiblen and Roedder (1973)	melt inclusions

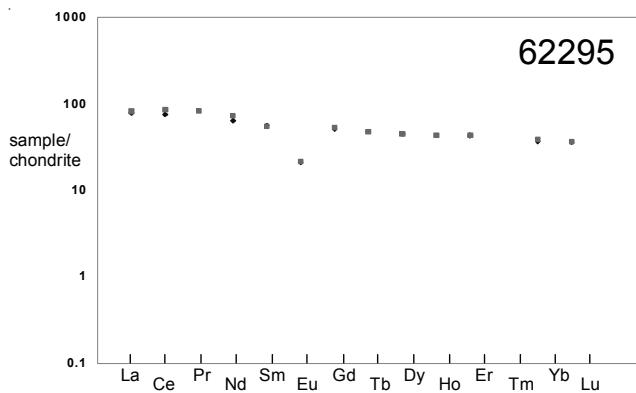


Figure 5: Normalized rare-earth-element composition of 62295 (data from Hubbard et al. 1973 and Wanke et al. 1973).

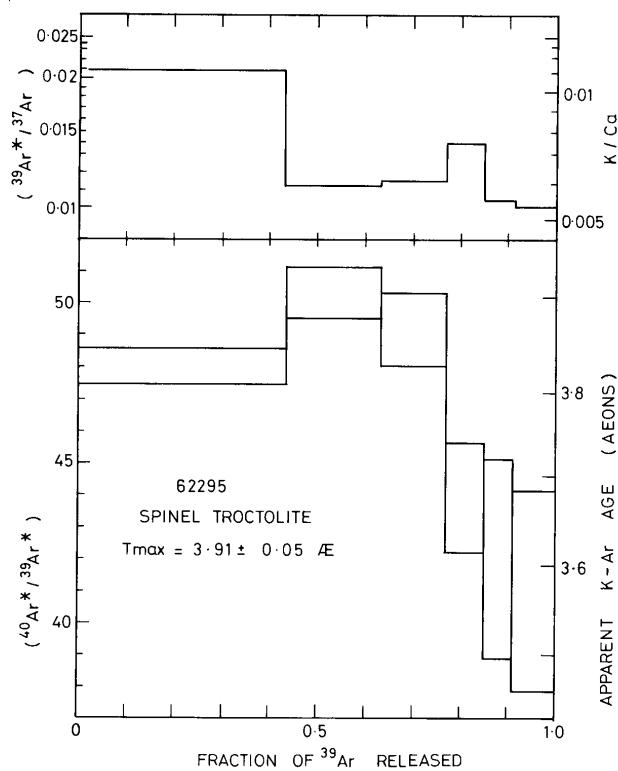


Figure 7: Ar plateau diagram for 62295 (Turner et al. 1973).

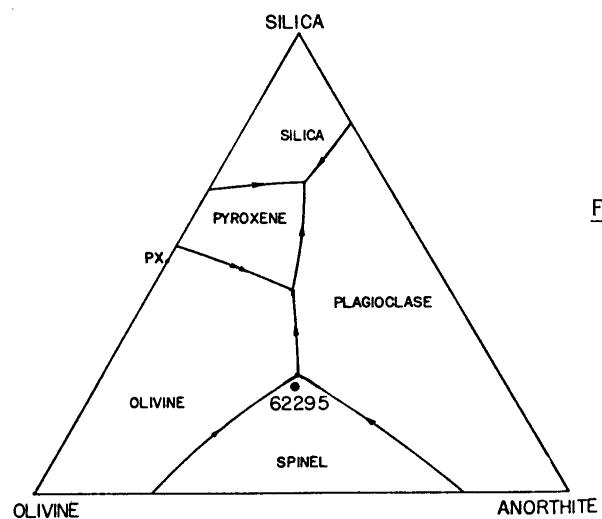


Figure 6: Composition of 62295 plotted on pseudoquaternary phase diagram determined by Walker et al. 1973.

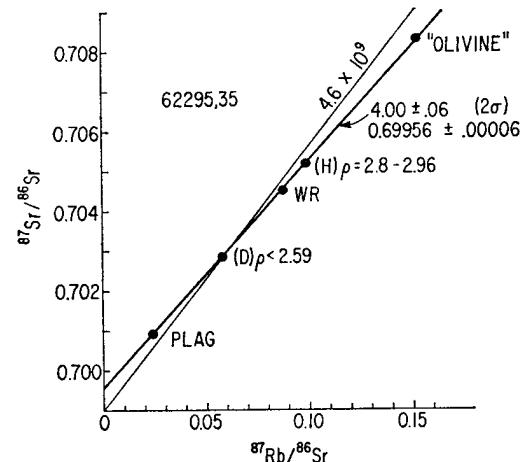


Figure 8: Rb/Sr internal mineral isochron for 62295 (Mark et al. 1974).

### Summary of Age Data for 62295

	Ar/Ar	Rb/Sr
Turner et al. 1973	$3.89 \pm 0.05$ b.y.	
Mark et al. 1974		$4.00 \pm 0.06$
<b>Caution : Old decay constants !</b>		

**Table 1. Chemical composition of 62295.**

reference weight	Hubbard73	Wiesmann75		Krahenbuhl 73	Rose73		McKinley84	Eldridge 73	Wanke 76
SiO <sub>2</sub> %					45.16	(c )	45.3	(d)	
TiO <sub>2</sub>	0.685	0.68	0.67	(a)	0.7	(c )	0.72	(d)	0.72
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	20.3				20.05	(c )	20.5	(d)	20.8
FeO	5.84				6.4	(c )	6.2	(d)	6.3
MnO					0.09	(c )	0.09	(d)	0.08
MgO	14.3				14.85	(c )	14.7	(d)	14.7
CaO	10.6				11.85	(c )	11.6	(d)	12
Na <sub>2</sub> O	0.46	0.46	0.43	(a)	0.48	(c )	0.44	(d)	0.46
K <sub>2</sub> O	0.073	0.073	0.074	(a)	0.11	(c )	0.08	(d)	0.079
P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>					0.15	(c )	0.14	(d)	0.15
S %									(f)
<i>sum</i>									
Sc ppm				(a)		9.2	(c )		
V				(a)		23	(c )		
Cr	773	773	1009	(a)		1300	(c )		1270
Co						34	(c )		23
Ni				215	(b)	313	(c )		330
Cu						10	(c )		280
Zn				16.5	(b)	18	(c )		18.1
Ga						2.6	(c )		22.1
Ge ppb				642	(b)				2.74
As									800
Se				186	(b)				110
Rb	4.59	4.59	4.692	(a)	5.8	(b)	6.4	(c )	310
Sr	139	139	137	(a)			100	(c )	5.58
Y									132
Zr		247		(a)			210	(c )	142
Nb							12	(c )	59
Mo									283
Ru									300
Rh									(f)
Pd ppb									
Ag ppb					2.9	(b)			
Cd ppb					4.9	(b)			
In ppb									
Sn ppb									
Sb ppb					0.88	(b)			
Te ppb					12.5	(b)			
Cs ppm					0.53	(b)			
Ba	187	187	182	(a)			135	(c )	0.56
La	18.6	18.6	18.1	(a)					0.49
Ce	45.9	45.9	46	(a)					(f)
Pr									
Nd	29	29		(a)					197
Sm	8.3	8.3	8.05	(a)					184
Eu	1.18	1.18	1.15	(a)					(f)
Gd	10.1	10.1	10.2	(a)					19.2
Tb									19.5
Dy	10.8	10.8	10.6	(a)					(f)
Ho									52.2
Er	6.85	6.85	6.69	(a)					53.4
Tm									(f)
Yb	6.06	6.06	5.86	(a)			6.4	(c )	7.4
Lu	0.879	0.879	0.863	(a)					33
Hf				(a)					36
Ta									(f)
W ppb					0.336	(b)			8.1
Re ppb									8.17
Os ppb									1.21
Ir ppb					3.58	(b)			1.19
Pt ppb									10.4
Au ppb					3.1	(b)			1.76
Th ppm		3.47		(a)					1.79
U ppm	0.882	0.88	0.87	(a)	0.935	(b)			11
technique:	(a) IDMS, (b) RNAA, (c) microchemical, (d) strange, (e) radiation counting. (f) INAAand RNAA								10.6
									(f)
									2.4
									2.4
									(f)
									6.9
									(f)
									6.29
									6.48
									(f)
									0.905
									0.883
									(f)
									6.55
									6.74
									(f)
									0.78
									0.82
									(f)
									372
									(f)
									1.2
									(f)
									5.5
									3.8
									(f)
									7
									(f)
									2.7
									2.74
									(f)
									0.76
									(f)

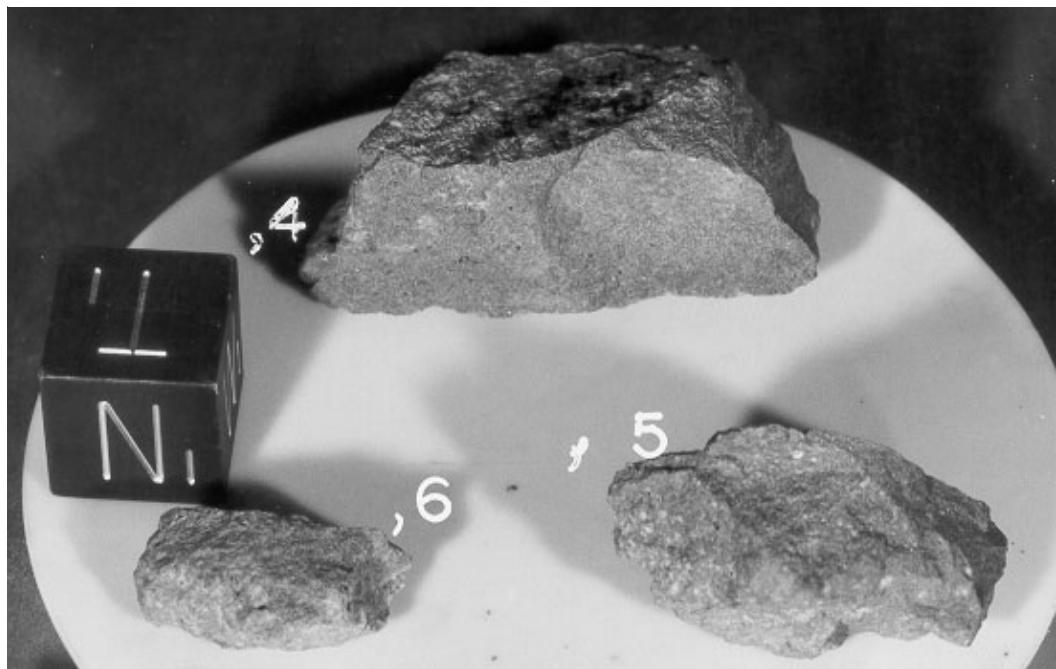


Figure 9: Pieces of 62295. NASA S72-42839. Cube is 1 inch.

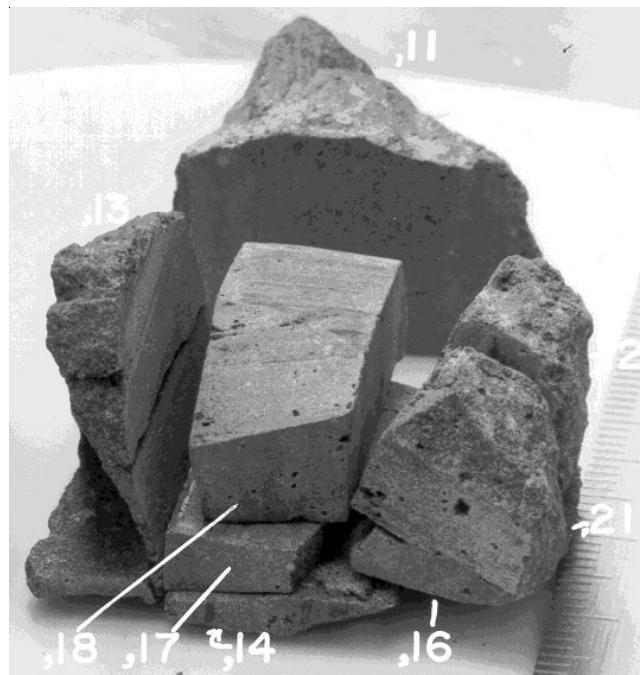
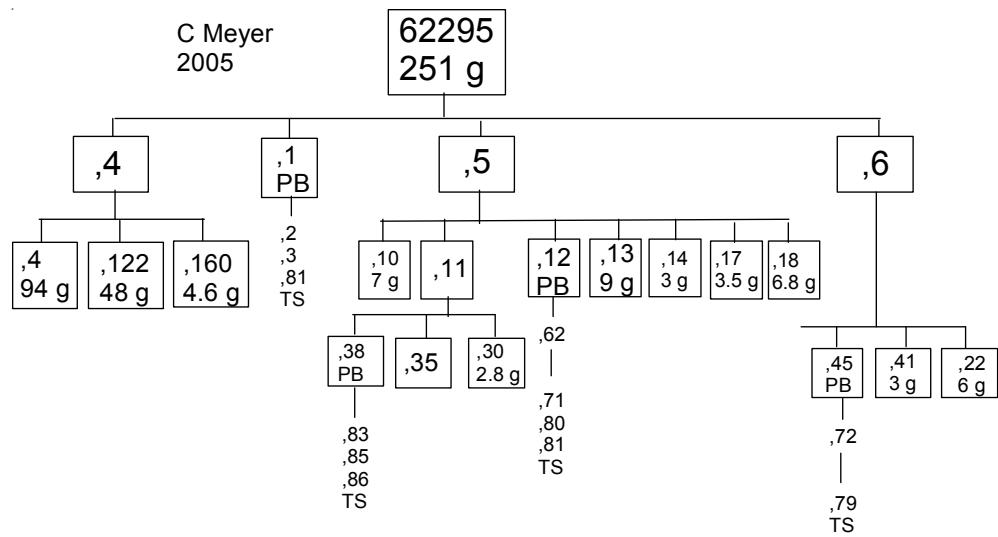


Figure 10: Cutting diagram for 62295,5. NASA S72-50656. Sample is about 1 inch.



Figure 11: Exploded parts diagram for 62295,5. NASA S72-50654. Large cube is 1 inch.



**Table 2**

	U ppm	Th ppm	K ppm	Rb ppm	Sr ppm	Nd ppm	Sm ppm	technique
Nyquist et al. 1973				4.59	138.6			idms
				4.69	136.5			idms
Mark et al. 1974			562	4.02				idms
Eldridge et al. 1973	0.82	3.2	630					counting
Wiesmann 1975	0.88	3.47	605	4.59	139	29	8.3	idms
Wanke et al. 1976	0.76	2.7		5.58	132	33	8.1	INAA